The Right to Vote – HB 70, SB 15

Restoration of Voting Rights for Former Felons

Democracy works best when all Kentuckians can participate in decisions affecting our lives – and that includes having the fundamental right to vote.

A healthy democracy is essential for ensuring justice and a good quality of life for all people. Kentucky’s election laws and systems should be designed with the goal of protecting each individual’s access to the ballot box and increasing overall voter registration and participation.

Kentucky’s outdated constitution takes away a person’s right to vote forever if he or she is convicted of a felony. Even a class D felony is enough to lose voting rights unless they can get a pardon from the governor. As a result, an estimated 243,842 Kentuckians, including 180,984 people who have completed their sentences (2010 figures), are barred from participation in our democracy. Only two other states make it so difficult to get your voting rights back.

We believe that after people have served their time, they should be given back their right to vote – because that’s the right thing to do and because it makes Kentucky’s democracy stronger. And it’s only fair that people who work, raise families, do business, pay taxes and contribute in other important ways be allowed a voice in our government.

Restoring voting rights even contributes to crime prevention. Former felons who vote are statistically half as likely to commit future crimes than former felons who don’t vote. When you think about it, it makes sense. People who feel part of a community are less likely to act out against that community.

A solution in HB 70 / SB 15

A change is needed in Section 145 of the Kentucky Constitution to correct this problem. HB 70/SB 15 would allow Kentucky voters to decide whether to allow automatic restoration of voting rights to most* former felons once they’ve paid their debt to society. This bill has passed the House by large margins each of the last 7 years.

* Based on compromise language added in 2007, automatic restoration would not be granted to felons convicted of crimes involving treason, murder, sexual offenses, or bribery in an election.
How Voting Benefits Individuals and Communities

“According to the Brennan Center, if all Kentuckians who have completed their full sentence but are still denied the right to vote lived in one city, it would be a place bigger than Kentucky’s third largest city, Bowling Green.”

“I’ve got my children watching me. I’ve got my grandchildren watching me. I’m going to teach them the importance of voting.”

Tayna Fogle

“The right to vote freely for the candidate of one’s choice is of the essence of a democratic society, and any restrictions on that right strike at the heart of representative government.”

former U.S. Chief Justice Earl Warren

“As a nation that believes in redemption and second chances, we must provide a clear path for willing individuals to be productive members of society once they have served their sentences and paid their fines and restitution.”

Bob McDonald,
Republican Governor of Virginia, 1/9/2013


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